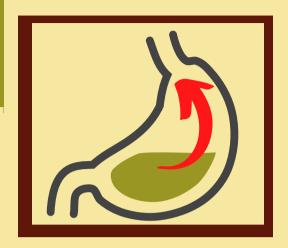


GASTRO-ESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE (G.E.R.D.)

What is GERD?

GERD is chronic acid reflux, when acidic stomach contents persistently flow up through esophagus. GERD is not life threatening, but can lead to more serious health problems.



Signs and symptoms:

- heartburn
- regurgitation
- feeling of food caught in throat
- coughing
- chest pain
- problem swallowing
- vomiting
- sore throat and hoarseness

What causes GERD?

- Weakness or relaxation of the lower esophageal sphincter
- Too much pressure on the abdomen
- · Certain foods: Spicy, dairy, or fried
- Certain types of medications that treat asthma, blood pressure, or allergies; as well as painkillers, sedatives, and antidepressants.
- Hiatal hernia: upper part of the stomach bulging into the diaphragm

How is it treated?

- Over the counter antacid medications:
 - Tums
 - Rolaids
 - Mylanta
 - Riopan
 - Maalox
- Prescription medications:
 - H-2 receptor blockers
 - proton pump inhibitors
 - baclofen
- Surgery, if not responding to medications.

How to prevent GERD or eleviate symptoms:

- maintain a healthy weight
- eat small, frequent meals
- reduce fat intake; avoid trigger foods
- sit upright while eating and stay upright 45-60 minutes after eating
- elevate head of bed 6-8 inches while sleeping
- · wear clothes that do not restrict abdomen
- avoid smoking



Check out the latest updates and more details from the Mayo Clinic:



When to call UHS:

You experience acid reflux/heartburn **more than twice a week** over a period of several weeks, constantly take antacids and your symptoms keep returning.

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